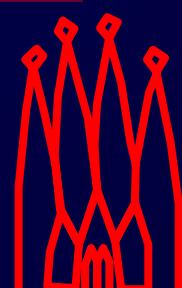


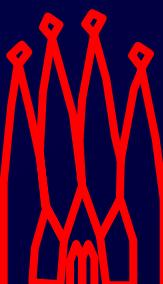
# 5

# Histograms And N-tuples



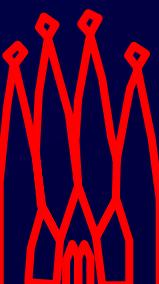
# Histograms & N-tuples

- One of the key tools in HEP
- **HBOOK was one of the best packages in CERNLIB**
- Usage and function is obvious
  - We did not reinvent the wheel
- In Gaudi it's the same concept
  - First book then fill, requires explicit use of histogram pointer (c.f. HFF1)
  - Simplification in GaudiHistoAlg, combine in a single call, and hide pointer handling in base class



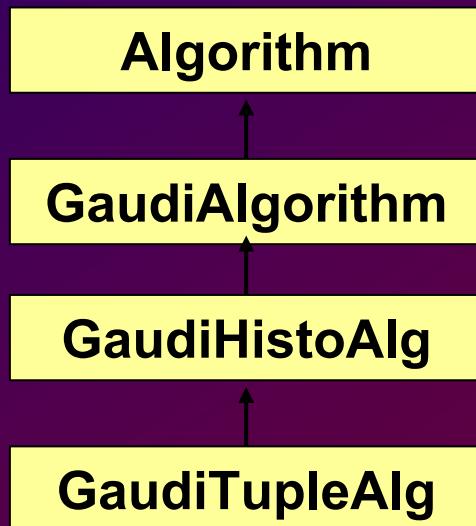
# Histograms - Good To Know...

- **Histograms are kept in memory**
- **If not saved - they are lost**
- **Like all other data -  
they reside in a Data Store**
  - Same access mechanism
- **Persistency is configurable**
  - HBOOK, ROOT

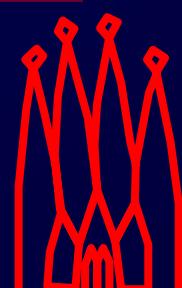


# GaudiHistoAlg and GaudiTupleAlg

- Specialisations of GaudiAlgorithm



- Simplify handling of histograms and N-tuples



# Booking and filling 1D histograms

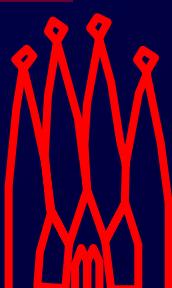
- Booking done automatically on first filling call

```
plot( energy,
      12,
      "Primary particle energy (GeV)"
      0.,
      100.,
      100 );
```

Variable to plot
Integer ID
Title
Low edge
High edge
Number of bins

- Location is set by job options

- HistoTopDir  
(default is "", recommend using "sub-detector name" + "/")
- HistoDir (default is algorithm name)



# Booking and filling 2D histograms

- similar to 1D

```
plot2D( xVtx, yVtx  
        1001,  
        "Primary vertex position",  
        -1., 1.,  
        -1., 1. );
```

- In this example, number of bins and weight are taken from defaults
  - see doxygen
  - 3D histograms, 1D profiles and 2D profiles are also available

Variables to plot
Integer ID
Title
x Low/High edge
y Low/High edge

# Histogram Persistency

## Job options

use HbookCnv v\*

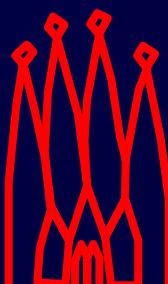
```
// Set up the service using standard options
// Choose Hbook or Root
#include "$STDOPTS/RootHist.opts"
//#include "$STDOPTS/Hbook.opts";

// Output filename (use .hbook extension for HBOOK)
HistogramPersistencySvc.OutputFile = "histo.root";
```



# N-tuples - Good To Know...

- Cannot be kept in memory
  - Grow and grow and grow...
- Like all other data - reside in a Data Store
  - Same access mechanism
  - Usage simplified by GaudiTupleAlg

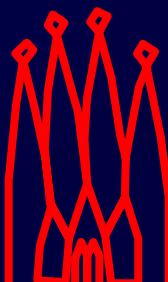


# Book and fill an N-tuple

- Book, declare items and fill all in one go:

```
// Book the N-tuple. If already booked, retrieve its pointer
Tuple myTuple = nTuple( 100, "An example nTuple" );

// Declare the columns and fill
myTuple->column( "Ntrack",    numTracks );
myTuple->column( "NeutralE",  neutralEnergy/TeV );
// Commit the entry
myTuple->write();
```



# N-tuple Persistency

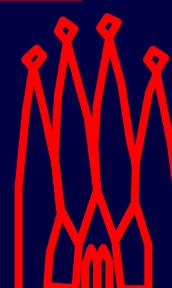
- Job options

```
NTupleSvc.Output = { "FILE1"
                      DATAFILE='../../job/tuples.root'
                      OPT='NEW'};

Myalg.NtupleLUN = "FILE1" ;
// Convention for file extension is .root or .hbook
```

- Default persistency is Root. For Hbook:

```
ApplicationMgr.HistogramPersistency = "HBOOK";
ApplicationMgr_DLLs += { "HbookCnv" };
```



# Histogram and Ntuple IDs

Numerical and Alpha Numerical IDs possible

E.g.

```
plot1D( energy, 12, "Particle Energy", 0,100,100 );
```

"HistoTopDir/HistoDir/12"

```
plot1D( energy, "en1", "Particle Energy", 0,100,100 );
```

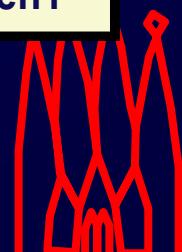
"HistoTopDir/HistoDir/en1"

```
plot1D( energy, "subdir/12", "Particle Energy", 0,  
100, 100 );
```

"HistoTopDir/HistoDir/subdir/12"

```
plot1D( energy, "subdir/en1", "Particle Energy", 0,  
100, 100 );
```

"HistoTopDir/HistoDir/subdir/en1"



# Extensive Examples

use GaudiExamples v\*

**\$GAUDIEXAMPLESROOT/**

- **src/Histograms/GaudiHistoAlgorithm.{h,cpp}**
- **src/TupleEx/TupleAlg.cpp**
- **src/TupleEx/TupleAlg2.cpp**
- **options/Histograms.opts**
- **options/TupleEx.opts**

