

## Comments on Olivier's physics event model

I think it would be nicer if all reconstructed particles, simple and composite, are of the same base type, eg. ReconstructedParticle.

Why must there be 2 types, ProtoPart and Particle for Brunel and DaVinci?  
Surely Brunel will produce some composite particles, eg.  $V^0$ ,  $\pi^0$ .

Similarly, I think all vertices, including primary, should be of the same base class, ReconstructeVertex.

In Olivier's design the identity of a ReconstructedParticle is given by its concrete class type.

I think the identity of a ReconstructedParticle should be given by a data member of the class and not by the concrete class type.

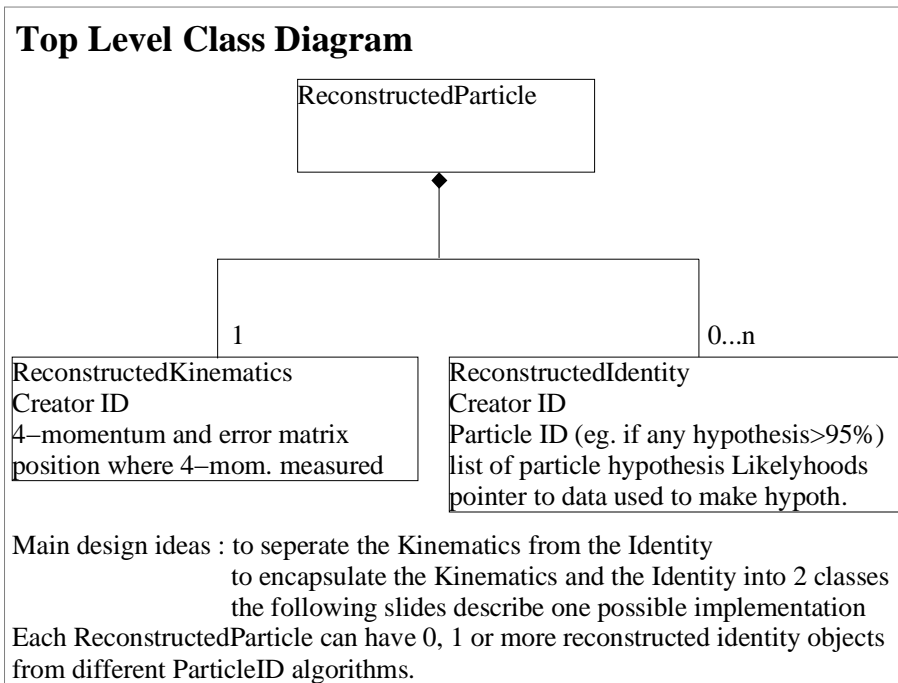
The identity of a ReconstructedParticle may not be defined, and when defined it should be easy to change, eg. after application of an alternative ParticleID algorithm.

I think the kinematics and the identity of a ReconstructedParticle should be independent, and implemented as two contained objects, eg of abstract type ReconstructedKinematics and ReconstructedIdentity.

## **Naming**

The MC produces MCParticle and MCVertex objects.

Therefore, I think it would be nice if the Reconstruction (Brunel and DaVinci) produced ReconstructedParticle and ReconstructedVertex objects.



A ReconstructedParticle is completely defined by its kinematics and its identity.

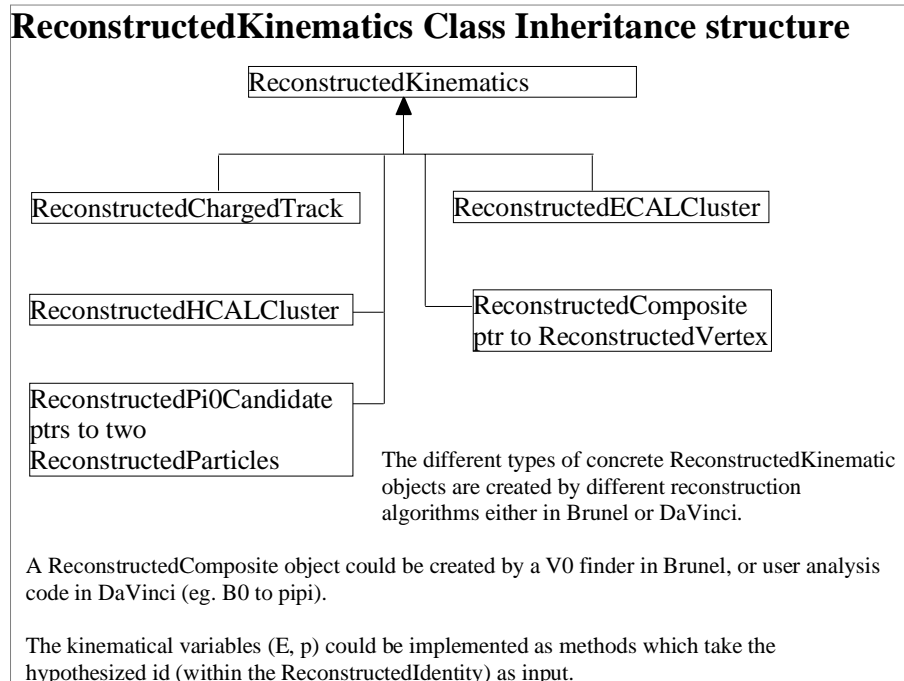
The kinematics and identity are orthogonal/independent and complete.

Kinematics are determined by VELO, Tracking and Calorimetry.

Identity is determined by RICH, Calorimetry and Muon.

The ReconstructedKinematics are created when the ReconstructedParticle is created.

In general, the ReconstructedIdentity is created afterwards by particleID algorithms.



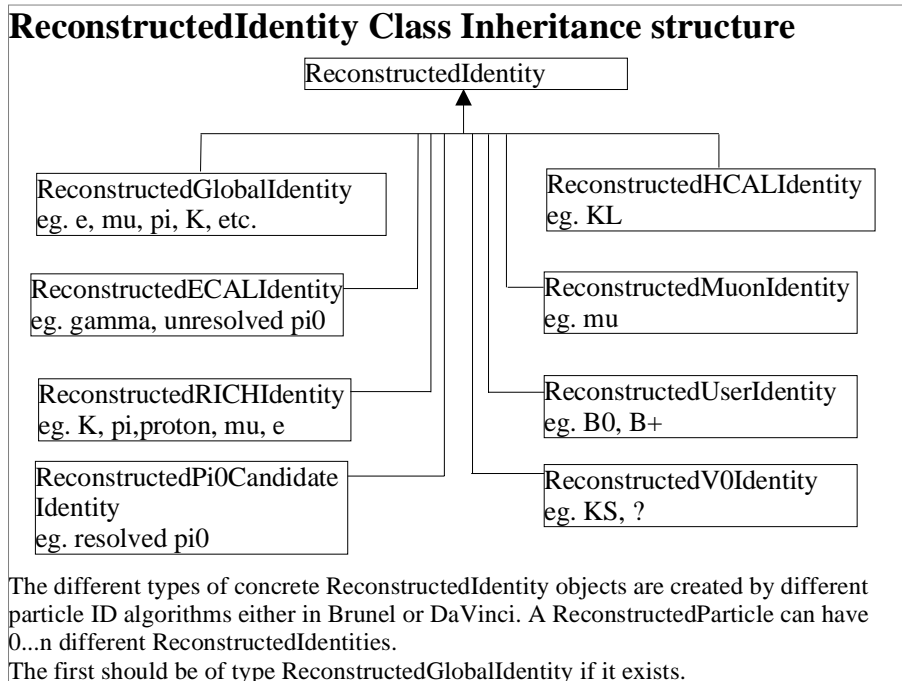
Energy and 3-momentum can be implemented as methods of the ReconstructedKinematics class which takes the hypothesized identity (from ReconstructedIdentity) as input from the containing ReconstructedParticle.

eg. E is a function of p and pid for charged tracks.

P is a function of E and pid for neutrals.

The Kinematics are defined by the fitted track parameters or calorimeter cluster info, or by the decay ReconstructedVertex if a ReconstructedComposite.

The mother-daughter relationship is independent of the particle ids. It is defined purely by the decay kinematics.



The ReconstructedIdentity is created by a ParticleID algorithm when given an unidentified RecoParticle.

Exceptions : eg. pi0 ReconstructedParticle objects are created by a Brunel or DaVinci pi0 finder. The pi0 finder creates both the ReconstructedKinematics and the ReconstructedIdentity based on default cuts. The hypothesis should be easy to change in case one wants to tighten pi0 cuts for example. For this reason the ReconstructedIdentity object of a pi0 candidate should have concrete type ReconstructedPi0CandidateIdentity. Its actual identity, pi0 or not, is given by the value of the ParticleID data member.

A ReconstructedParticle can contain more than 1 ReconstructedIdentity object, corresponding to the results of different ParticleID algorithms.

For a composite particle, the ReconstructedIdentity could be used to store a hypotheses, eg B0.

**eg. Object Diagram for B to pi+ KL** (only concrete instantiated objects)

