#### An Experiment Safety System for LHCb Ideas and Concepts



Philippe Gavillet and Sascha Schmeling Background

#### JCoP Meeting (16 May 2001)

- Agenda: Are There Grey Areas between AL3 and DCS ?
- "From the subsequent discussion it indeed seems that there is a grey area here"
- "it was felt that JCOP should understand better which experiment-specific solutions are being studied and what common features in connection with the Joint Controls could be envisaged. The suggestion to hear a talk about GSS, as a reminder to the areas covered by this system in the LEP era, was positively taken up. Wayne proposed to discuss the subject also in a future executive board meeting"



Background (cont'd)

#### JCoP Meeting (30 May 2001)

- Agenda GSS and its role as Detector Safety System for the LEP Experiments.
- "From the resulting discussion it became quite obvious that solutions for the functionality covered by GSS at LEP have only partly been studied within the LHC experiments. There was general agreement of the need for such GSS-like functionality (which is now often referred to as DSS or "Detector Safety System".) A Common solution for this sort of problems for all experiments therefore was a suggestion that found interest"





#### JCOP Executive Board Meeting (02/08/01)

- Plan of work
  - "Get a snap shot of the current status of the work being performed in each of the experiments in this area. Gather and document the requirements of the DSS... Produce a high-level implementation specification for the DSS. List any constraints on the DSS implementation"..
  - "it was agreed that the scope presented at this meeting be refined by the working Group and presented to the Steering Group at the next meeting"



#### What was decided?

- DSS Working Group
  - Working Group
    - ~2 persons/experiment
    - ST
    - GSS
    - IT/CO
  - Steering Group
    - Controls coordinators
    - GLIMOS
  - Information to
    - Technical Coordinators
    - Experiment linkman
    - EP management
  - Time scale: 6 months -> End of March 2002
    - Interim report by Christmas



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## What has been done?

- Organisation
  - Web address: http://itcowww.cern.ch/DSS/welcome.htm
- Meetings & parallel
  - 5 WG meetings to gather info from experiments + discuss GSS PROs
    \* CONs
  - Subgroup to prepare a preliminary SCOPE proposal (3 meetings)
- 13/09: 1st Steering Group meeting
  - Presentation of the draft SCOPE proposal
  - Many questions, suggestions, modifications

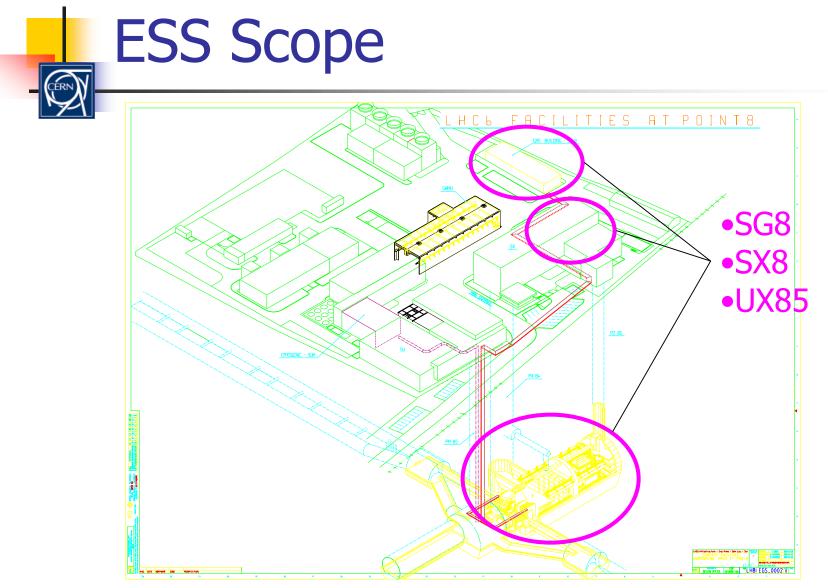


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- January 2003 Magnet Installation
- May 2003 Magnet Measurements
- January 2004 Main Installations and Commissioning
- December 2005 Complete Detector Ready









- General
  - Supply Systems
  - ESS System
- Gas Building
- Experiment Hall
  - XCR
  - Labs
  - Hall



- Access Shafts
  - PZ, PX
- Underground
  - Counting Room Area
  - Counting Rooms
  - Detector Area
  - Detector

#### ESS Domain "UX Area I"

Location	Item	Level	Detection	Destination	Action
UX85 Counting Room Area					
	Smoke	1,2	ST/AA	CSAM, TCR, XCR	CSAM, TCR
		3	ST/AA	CSAM, TCR, XCR	CSAM, TCR
	Power	1,2	ST/EL	TCR, XCR	TCR
	- 48V				
	- 230V				
	Ventilation	1,2	ST/CV	CSAM, TCR, XCR	TCR, XCR
	Temperature	1,2	LHCb	XCR	XCR
	Humidity	1,2	ST/CV	TCR, XCR	TCR
	Radiation	1,2	TIS/RP	TCR, XCR	TIS/RP
		3	TIS/RP	CSAM, TCR, XCR	CSAM
	Water Flood (PZ)	1,2	ST/CV	TCR, XCR	TCR
		3	ST/CV	CSAM, TCR, XCR	CSAM
	Water Pumps (PZ)	1,2	ST/CV	TCR, XCR	TCR
	Water Flood	1,2	ST/CV	TCR, XCR	TCR
Counting Rooms					
	Smoke	1,2	ST/AA	CSAM, TCR, XCR	CSAM, TCR
		3	ST/AA	CSAM, TCR, XCR	CSAM, TCR
	Power	1,2	ST/EL	TCR, XCR	TCR
	- 48V				
	- 230V				
	Ventilation	1,2	ST/CV	CSAM, TCR, XCR	TCR, XCR
	Temperature	1,2	LHCb	XCR	XCR
	Air Conditioner	1,2	ST/CV	TCR, XCR	TCR
	UPS	1,2	ST/EL	TCR, XCR	TCR
	AUL	2	ST/EL?, LHCb?	TCR, XCR	XCR
	Racks	1,2	EP/ESS	TCR, XCR	TCR, XCR
	- cooling agent				
	- temperature				
	- ventilation				
	- power				



Aims of a Detector Safety System for LHC Experiments

- The main aims of DSS are
  - to protect the equipment
  - to prevent situations leading to Level 3 Alarms.
- DSS should therefore deal with alarm levels 1&2 as defined in IS37.
  - Nevertheless, the DSS may also take additional actions in case of a Level 3 Alarm.



- System
  - highly reliable
  - permanently operational independent from the DCS
  - integrated into the DCS
  - scalable
  - configurable
  - able to take actions
  - easy to use
  - accessible





System

#### more reliable than the DCS

- highly reliable
- permanently operational independent from the DCS
- integrated into the DCS
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- starting with the first sub-detector,
- until the end of the experiment,
- without significant downtime



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independent from the state of the controls system



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- same look&feel
  - common infrastructure
  - monitoring, logging, and
    - presentation

- System
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  - permanently operational independent from the DCS
  - integrated into the DCS
  - scalable -
  - configurable

growing with the detector

- able to take actions
- easy to use
- accessible



#### System

- highly reliable
- configuration containers (modes):
  e.g. shutdown, maintenance, running

changes in the system

- permanently operative from the DCS
- integrated into the P
- scalable
- configurable
- able to take actions
- easy to use
- accessible



- System
  - highly reliable
  - permanently operational independent from the DCS
  - integrated into the DCS
  - scalable
  - configurable
  - able to take actions
  - easy to use
  - accessible

- preventive actions
- protective actions
- informative actions



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- shifters,
- GLIMOS/SLIMOS,
- maintenance staff,
- detector experts

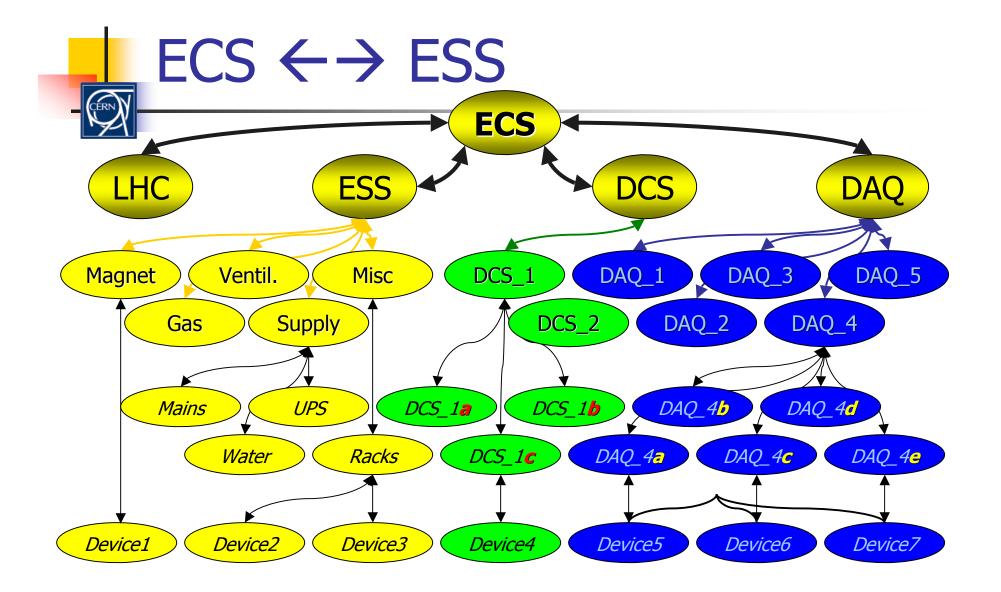


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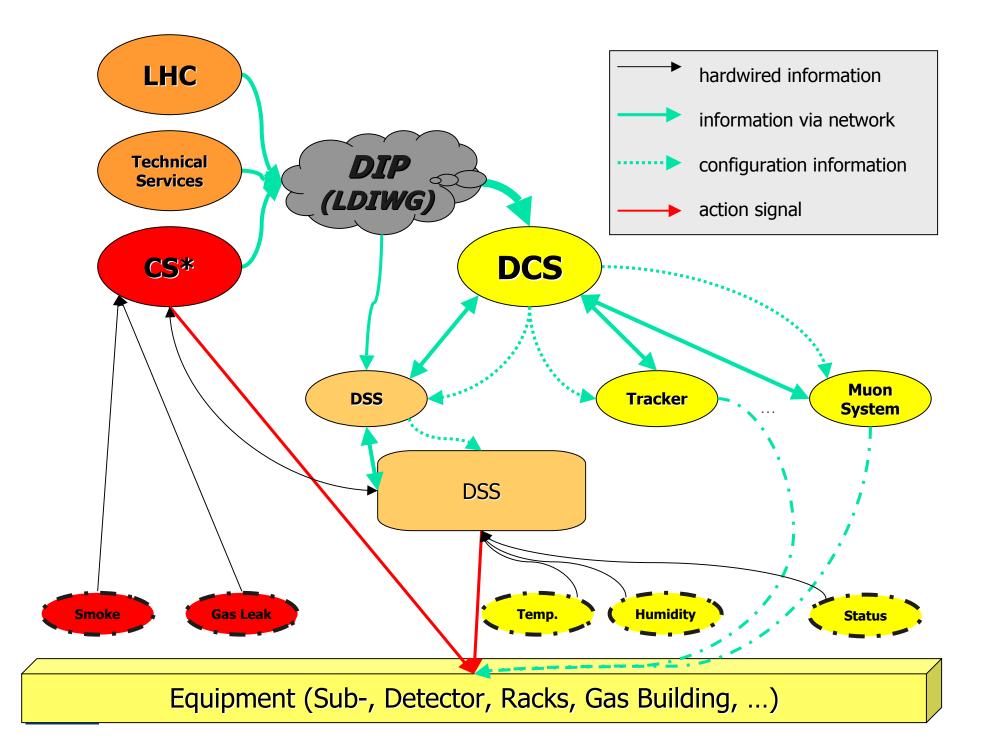
# from different locationspartly without special infrastructure

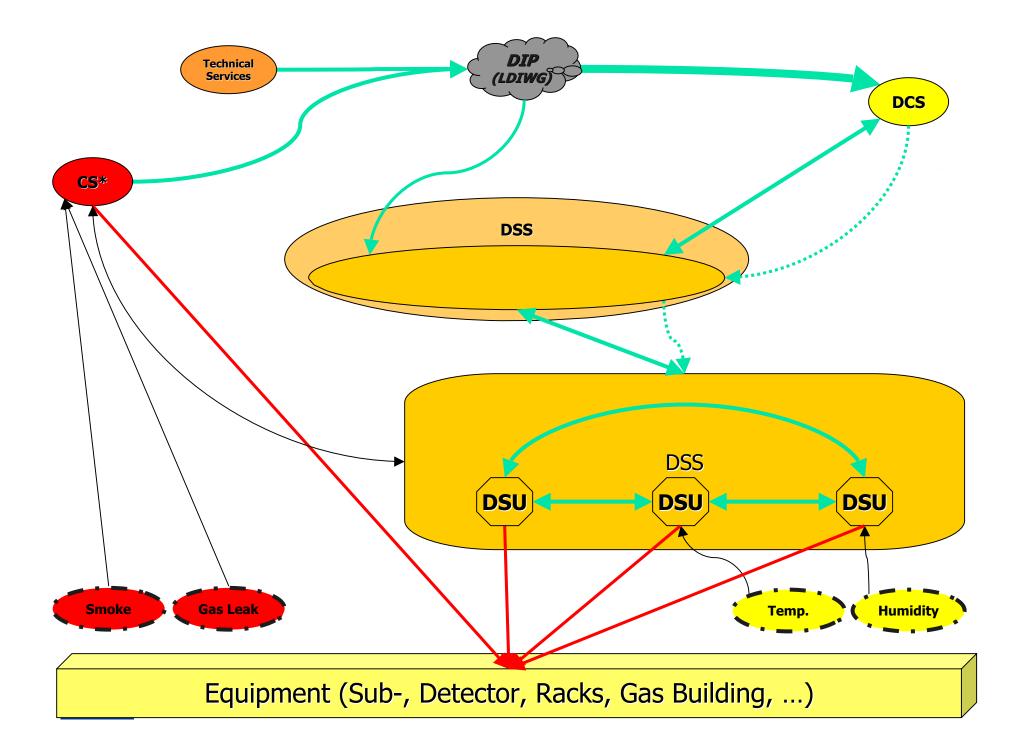


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# **Outlook and Questions**

- A DSS will be a set of tools to implement a highly reliable safety logic.
- The logic itself has to be defined by the GLIMOS together with the SD experts.
- What does the GLIMOS want from the ESS?
- What do the subdetectors expect to be taken care of by a ESS?
- How to keep track of developments and details?
  - http://itcowww.cern.ch/
  - http://cern.ch/lhcb-comp/DSS

